



LBNL

Superconducting Magnet Program

Presentation to HEPAP

March 6, 2003

Stephen A. Gourlay

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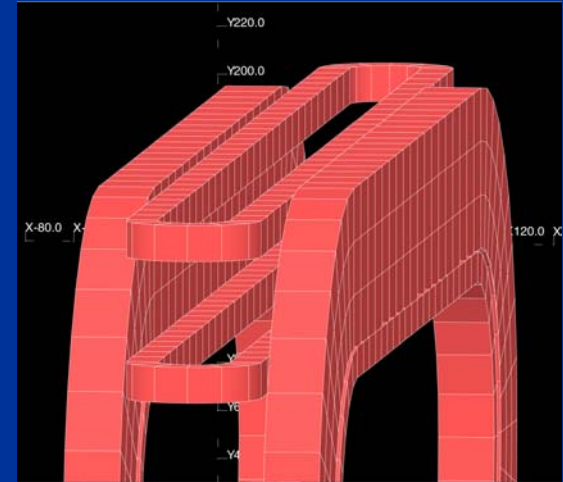
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Superconducting Magnet Program

- Program Overview

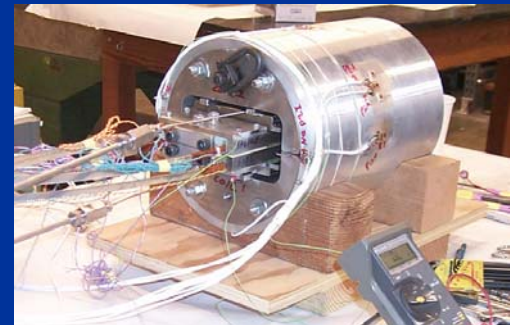
- Mission and Philosophy
- History
- Conductor and Materials
- Magnets



- Technical Progress and Current Status

- Future Plans

- Base Program
- LHC Accelerator Research Program



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Mission and Philosophy

- Accelerator Magnet Program emphasizing development of new technology for HEP
 - Issue-driven accelerator magnet program
 - Explore parameter space and challenge existing limits
 - High fields/gradients
 - Aperture
 - Field quality
 - Cost effective designs

“LBNL continues to lead the US effort (possibly the world effort) in advanced high-field superconducting magnet technology for high energy physics”

J. O’Fallon, Nov. 2001 Program Review



HEPAP Recommendations

- 2001
 - “. . . high priority to accelerator R&D because it is absolutely critical to the future of our field”.
 - LBNL has been developing enabling technology for HEP for over 20 years
 - “High-field magnet research is particularly important”
 - LBNL has produced record breaking fields in two different geometries
 - No program has built more magnets with fields exceeding 10 Tesla
 - LBNL leadership of the LARP Magnet Program (S. Gourlay)
 - LBNL leadership of the DOE/HEP Conductor Development Program (R. Scanlan)
 - “efforts should be made to form an international collaboration as early as possible”.
 - LBNL-sponsored international workshop on “Magnets beyond NbTi” (3/17-18/03)
 - Participation in ESGARD (European Steering Group on Accelerator R&D)



History of Program Contributions

NbTi Technology

• SSC

- First 40 mm dipole prototypes
- Quad prototypes (1m and 5m)
- Materials and cable development
- D19
 - World Record Dipole field of 10.15 T
 - 50 mm aperture SSC prototype

• LHC

- Cable for IR quads
- IR quad design
- DFBX components

Nb₃Sn Technology

• Cos θ geometry

- D19h – Nb₃Sn/NbTi hybrid
- D20
 - World record dipole field of 13.5 T
 - 50 mm aperture

• Racetrack geometry

- Common coil
 - 6 T, 12.2 T, 10 T
 - World record dipole field of 14.7 T
- “H” geometry
 - > 15 T (This summer)



Superconducting Magnet Program

Full spectrum development program for superconducting magnet technology

Materials and Conductor

Magnets

- Two decades (+) at the forefront of magnet technology
 - Our program maintains continuity
 - Driven by HEP, not lab priorities
 - Opportunity for innovation – not just an iteration of what was done before
- Strong interactions with industry, labs and universities
 - Exceptional record in materials development with industry
 - DOE/HEP Conductor Development Program
 - SBIR's
 - Organizer and sponsor of Low Temperature Superconductor Workshop

World experts in the application of Nb₃Sn technology to accelerator magnets

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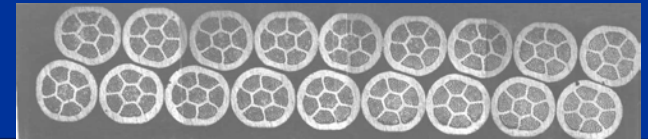
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SC Materials and Cable Development

State of the art cabling facility to support HEP technology programs

- Lead Lab for DOE Conductor Development Program
 - Significant progress on Nb_3Sn J_C
 - 50% increase in 3 years
 - $\sim 3,000 \text{ A/mm}^2$ at 12 T and 4.2 K
- LHC HGQ Cable
 - NbTi cable for FNAL completed 2-02
 - Fully keystoneed Nb_3Sn for LHC upgrade
- Cable R&D
 - Explore the limits of Rutherford-type cables
 - New techniques
 - New Materials (HTS)
- Outside Support
 - FNAL, BNL, Texas A&M, U. Twente, SBIRs



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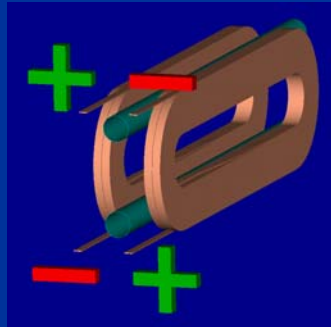
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Common Coil Magnets at LBNL

- High Field
- Field Quality
- Simple Fabrication Techniques



10.9 Tesla
RD3-c



12 Tesla
RT1



6 Tesla
RD2



12 Tesla
SM-01

14.7 Tesla
RD3-b



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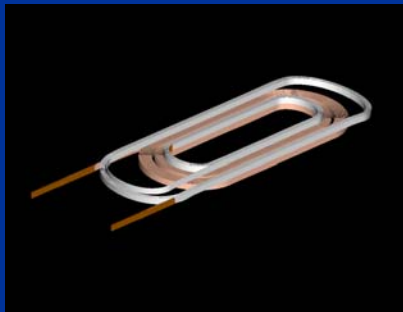
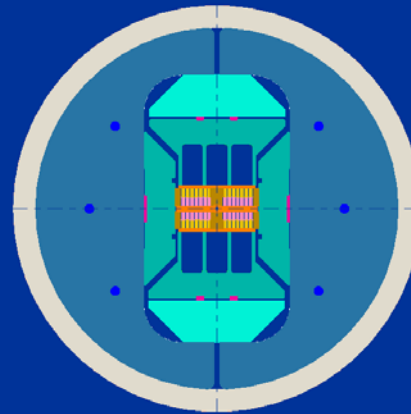
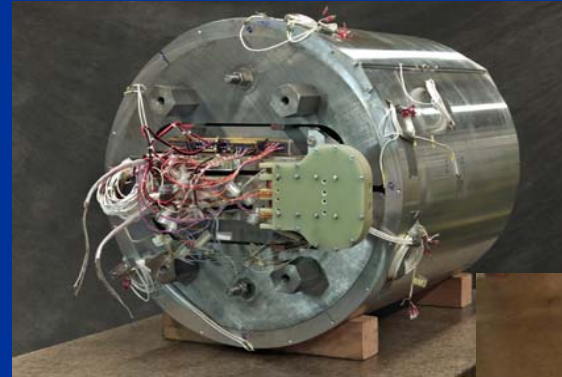
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Magnet Development

Fully Integrated Program

- Field quality design options
 - RD Series
- New geometries for high field
 - HD-Series
- Technology Development
 - Sub-scale model program (SM)



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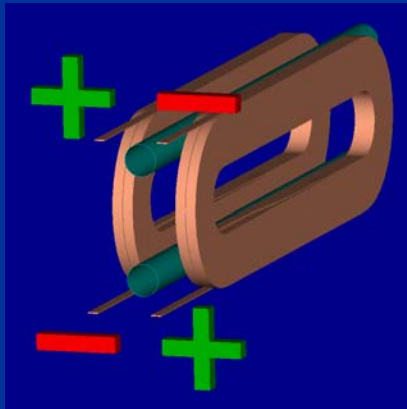
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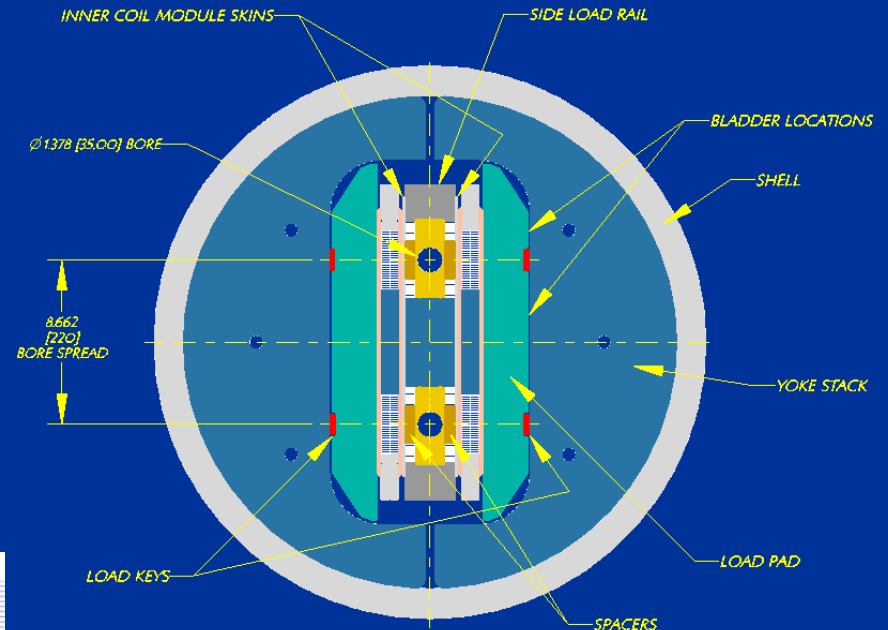
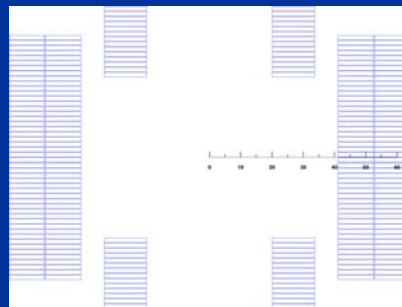
RD-Series

Explore potential for accelerator quality magnets

Common Coil geometry



Emphasis on field and field quality



TYPE : ASSEM NAME : RD3C_MAG_STRUCTURE SIZE : C

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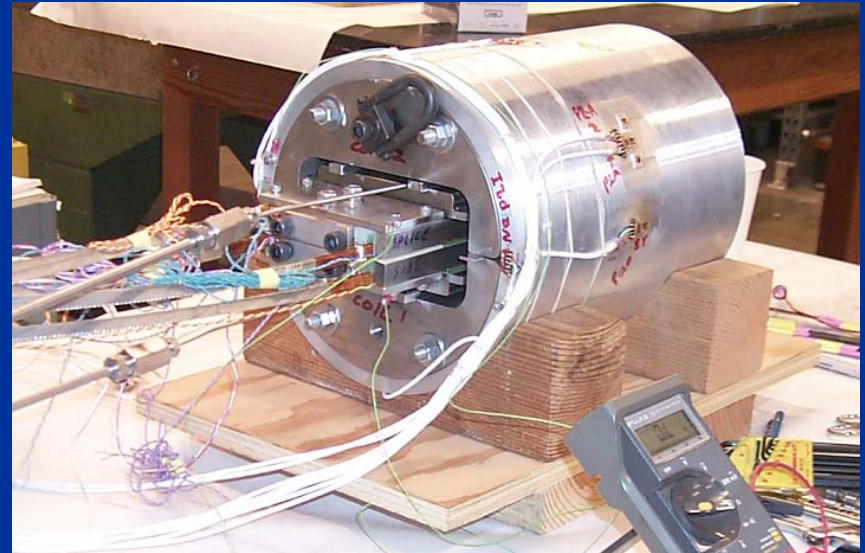


Sub-Scale Magnet Series

Parallel Program for Technology Development

High Productivity - Anticipate a total of 5 tests this year

- Scaled version of full-size magnet
 - Approx. 1/3 scale
- Field range of 9 – 12 Tesla
- Simple two-layer racetrack coils
 - 5 kg of material per coil
- Streamlined test facility
 - Small dewar (no refrigerator)
 - Full crane coverage



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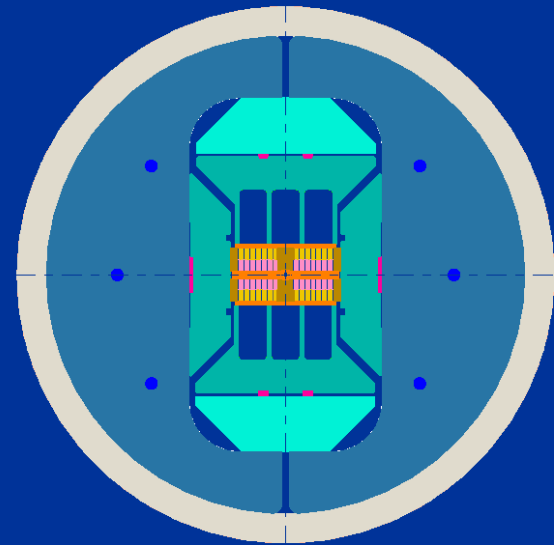
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HD-Series

Simple geometries to push the limits of conductor and materials

- **HD-1a**; high stress, high field
 - > 15 Tesla
 - Simplest geometry, no grading
 - Single aperture (less conductor)
 - No conductor at mid-plane
- **HD-1b**; new fabrication techniques
 - 16 + Tesla
 - Coil grading
- **HD-2**; limit of Nb₃Sn technology
 - 17 Tesla

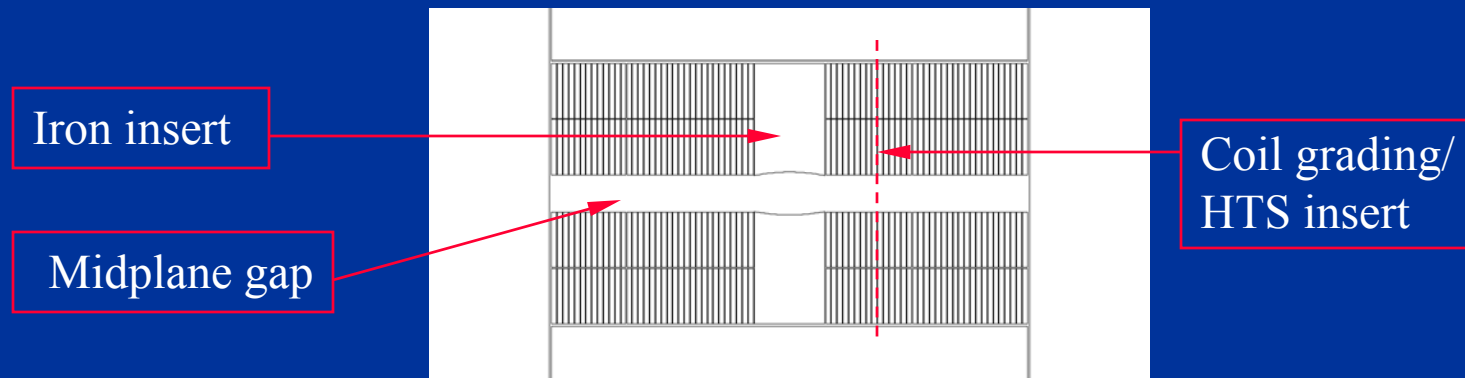


Two double-pancake coils with
Horizontal orientation



High Field in HD-Series

Design features	Dipole field (T)	I _{ss} (kA)
HD1 reference	16.1	10.7
RD3B conductor	15.3	10.1
Nb ₃ Sn graded coil 8 turns 1/2 dens	17.5	14.0
HTS insert 7 turns 0.8 mm 361 A @ 18 T	18.6	13.0



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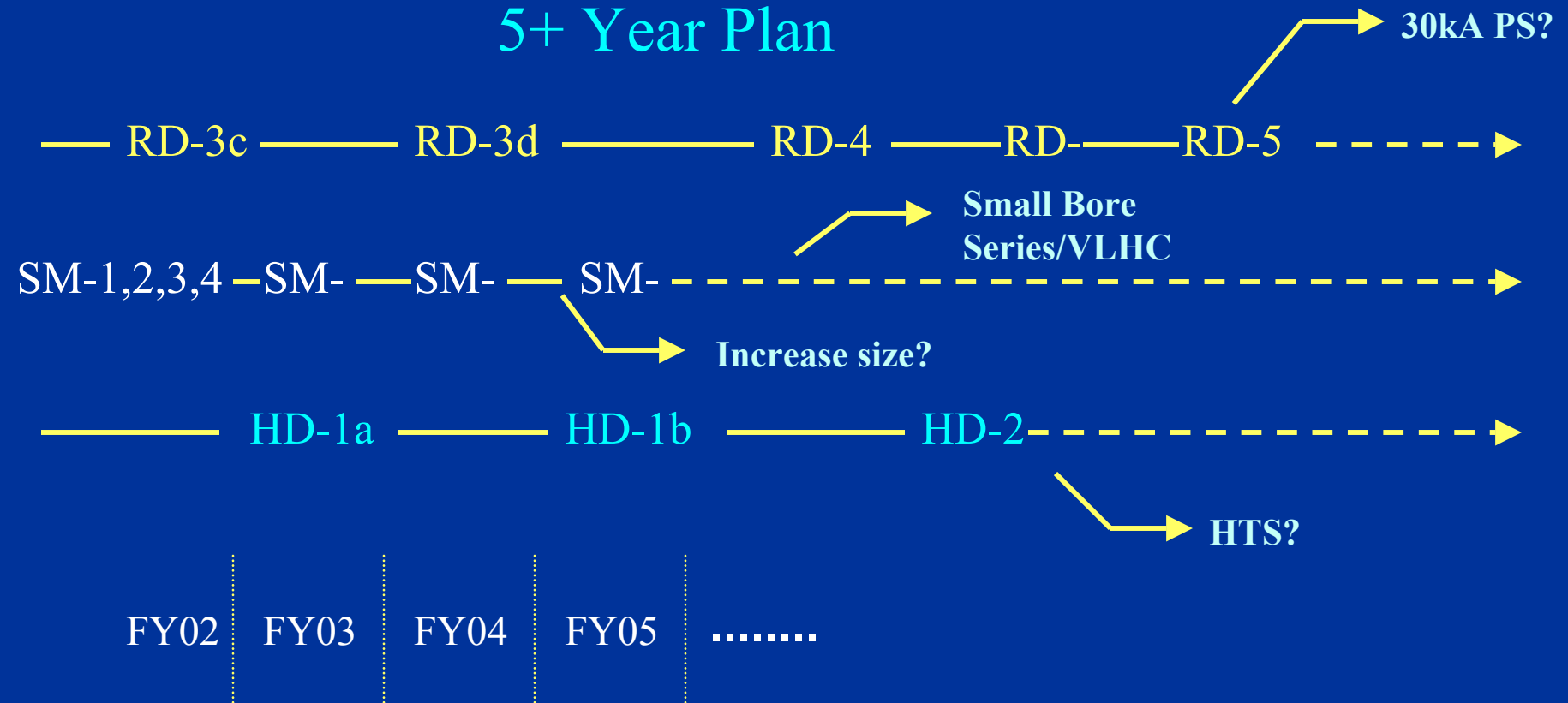
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R&D Program Tree

5+ Year Plan



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Current Status

- HD1 is now under construction
 - Test this summer
- Productive Sub-scale program
 - Evaluation of new cable designs
 - Insulation test for FNAL
 - Quench Protection Studies
- DOE/HEP Conductor Development Program continues to show excellent progress
- Lots of ideas for the future



New Opportunity



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US LHC Accelerator Research Program

- LARP Magnet Program

- Improve long-term physics research opportunities of the LHC
- Extend US leadership in high-field accelerator magnets
- Develop world-wide collaboration on high-performance magnets

Represents the first opportunity for the use
of Nb_3Sn in an accelerator

As world leaders in Nb_3Sn technology for accelerator magnets,
we can contribute significantly to this program

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US LHC Research Program

- Main Issues

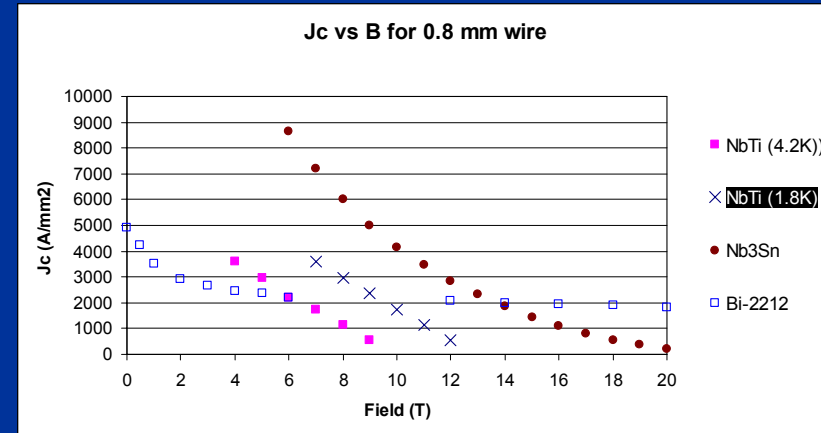
- High fields and gradients
- Large beam-induced heat loads



Nb_3Sn

- Program

- Integrate the three US laboratories and include university participation
- Leveraged by
 - Existing technology base
 - Intellectual resources
 - Facilities
- Strengthen international collaboration
 - Include CERN, ESGARD, EU
 - Workshop in Archamps in 1 week



- 2003 – 05
 - Technology, simple models
- 2006 – 09
 - More complex models
- 2010 – 12
 - Accelerator-ready prototype

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LHC Accelerator Upgrades

- Luminosity (IR upgrade)

- Options

- IR I

- Large aperture quad with maximum gradient > 250 T/m

- IR II

- High gradient 2/1 quad with maximum gradient > 300 T/m
 - Large bore separation dipole with a field > 15 T
 - Smaller bore, 2/1 dipole with a field > 15 T

- Energy Upgrade

- Technology development supported by LARP, applied through LBNL base program

- Small aperture, high field arc dipoles (17 T)

Initial program target



High Field (Nb_3Sn) Dipole Prototypes

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 T



LHC
(CERN, 1988)

MSUT
(U. Twente 1995)

LHC
Luminosity Upgrade

LHC
Energy Upgrade

RD3c
(LBNL 2002)

RT-1
(LBNL 1999)

D-20
(LBNL 1996)
1.9K

RD3b
(LBNL 2001)

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LBL Superconducting Magnet Program

- Extensive expertise in application of Nb₃Sn to high field magnets
 - Apply proven LBNL technology
 - LHC Upgrades
 - Future HEP Projects
 - Develop and maintain the largest set of HEP options
- DOE has set ambitious goals for the program
 - Supported by a significant funding increase in FY04

In order to maintain our position at the leading edge of this technology, the trend needs to continue